

Sn-117m Microparticle Suspension Veterinary Device

## NAME: Synovetin 0A®

Tin ( $^{117m}$ Sn) stannic microparticles in saline solution. It is supplied as a 2–8 mCi ( $^{74}$ –296 MBq)/mL suspension for intra-articular (IA) injection.

#### **NET QUANTITY**

Vials contain a prescribed dose per dog to be administered on the treatment date. The prescribed dose is restricted by the treating facility's Radioactive Materials (RAM) license. Confer with the treating veterinarian to understand the treating facility's dose limit per dog.

1 mL of suspension contains 2–8 mCi (74–296 MBq) of tin ( $^{117m}$ Sn) stannic microparticles in saline solution at the date and time of end use.

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Synovetin OA® is a conversion electron therapeutic veterinary device comprising a microparticle, sterile suspension with a pH between 6.5 and 8.0 where at least 90% of the particles have a size between 1.5  $\mu m$  and 20  $\mu m$  (HORIBA light scatter instrument). The  $^{117m}Sn$  emits monoenergetic conversion electrons (significant energies 127–158 keV; emission probability 113%) and imageable gamma radiation (159 keV, 86% abundant). Accompanying low-energy emissions are Auger electrons (<22 keV) and X-rays (<30 keV). The half-life of  $^{117m}Sn$  is 13.9 days.  $^{117m}Sn$  decays by isomeric transition to stable  $^{117}Sn$ .

Excipients include phosphate buffered saline (PBS), iodine ( $I_2$ ), ammonium carbonate ((NH $_4$ ) $_2$ CO $_3$ ), ammonium chloride (NH $_4$ Cl), ammonium iodide (NH $_4$ I), and trace tin (Sn) salts.

## **MECHANISM OF ACTION**

Synovetin  $OA^{\circledast}$  is a veterinary device consisting of homogeneous tin microparticles which emit discrete (<300 µm) low-energy conversion electrons confined to the joint space. The product is composed of microparticles (1.5 µm to 20 µm) that are retained in the joint space of the dog. The particles are absorbed and retained by macrophages, synoviocytes, and other phagocytic cells in the joint, resulting in apoptosis and reduction of inflammatory cells. Reduction of the pro-inflammatory cells and associated cytokines helps reduce the drivers of inflammation, pain, and progression of OA. This procedure, termed radiosynoviorthesis (restoration of the synovium using a radioisotope), has been used in humans with different isotopes, and has been shown to stop or delay OA progression in people.

## **CAUTION**

Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian trained in the use of radioactive veterinary medical products. Use of this product is restricted to facilities with a compatible Radioactive

## **INTENDED USE**

Materials (RAM) license.

Synovetin OA® is intended to provide both the durable relief of chronic osteoarthritis pain through the reduction of synovial inflammation, and to address OA progression through the reduction of pro-inflammatory macrophages.

#### WARNINGS

Not for use in humans. Keep this and all medications out of reach of children. Consult a physician in case of accidental injection or ingestion by humans.

## **PRECAUTIONS**

Injection should be performed only by a licensed veterinarian skilled in the delivery of intra-articular (IA) injections who is located at a facility that has a RAM license.

Rigorous aseptic technique must be ensured during injection.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Use the chart below to determine the appropriate dose. Doses were determined using the elbow joint.

For example, a dog weighing 25 lbs. receives an IA dose of 0.9 mCi in each joint to be treated.

Dog Weight (lbs.)	Synovetin OA® Dose per Elbow Joint (mCi)*
10–19 lbs.	0.6
20–29 lbs.	0.9
30–39 lbs.	1.2
40-49 lbs.	1.5
50–59 lbs.	1.7
60–69 lbs.	1.9
70–79 lbs.	2.2
80–89 lbs.	2.4
90–99 lbs.	2.6
100–109 lbs.	2.8
110 lbs. and over	3.0

\*Dose will be limited to 3.0 mCi per joint when weight exceeds 110 lbs., with the total body dose not exceeding the limit listed on the treating facility's Radioactive Materials (RAM) license.

#### PREPARATION FOR USE

Synovetin OA® is provided in a 2, 3, 5 or 10 mL glass vial within a lead container (PIG). Vials are for use in a single dog or for multiple dogs (bulk) as indicated.

The product should be stored in the cardboard shipping container until needed for use. The **prescribed dose** should be **administered on the date noted** on the certificate accompanying the Synovetin OA®; however, it can be administered the day before or the day after if circumstances require injection on a different day. Always use proper personal protection equipment and precautions for handling radioactive medical products.

STEP 1: When ready to withdraw the dose into a syringe, vigorously **shake the lead PIG for approximately 10 seconds to ensure proper mixing** of the product.

STEP 2: Remove/Unscrew the lead PIG lid and gently remove the glass vial from inside the lead PIG. Confirm that there is **no white particulate** remaining in the bottom of the glass vial.

STEP 3: If there is **no white particulate**, replace the glass vial back into the PIG and continue to STEP 4. If there **is white particulate**, replace the glass vial back in the lead PIG with original packing material protecting the vial, replace and secure the lid on the lead PIG and repeat STEPS 1 and 2 until the residue is dissolved.

STEP 4: Remove the colored flip cap from the vial and retain for placement on the vial after the dose is withdrawn.

STEP 5: Attach a plastic syringe (3 mL or other appropriate volume) to a 22-ga. needle. Where practical, use a syringe shield to maintain operator radiation doses as low as reasonably achievable and to meet existing license conditions.

STEP 6: While holding the container at an approximate 45° angle, insert the needle through the septum.

STEP 7: **Draw the prescribed volume into the syringe** for an individual joint. **Under no circumstances should the volume be modified**. If designated, repeat immediately for any other joint to be treated in a dog. Bulk dog vials contain product to treat joints for multiple dogs as indicated. If there are any questions or concerns, contact Exubrion Therapeutics® Customer Service at 866-364-7786.

STEP 8: The dose should be resuspended by gently inverting the syringe if more than 10 minutes has elapsed since dose was drawn into the syringe.

STEP 9: Following use of Synovetin OA®, replace the colored flip cap on the vial, then place the lid on the lead PIG. Mark the vial with a tentative disposal date 5 months from the present date. After 5 months, the vial should be measured with a handheld rate meter (GM detector) to verify that radioactivity has decayed. If the vial reading is equivalent to background radiation, it can then be disposed of as regular trash. All waste disposals should be documented according to your radioactive materials license and federal or state regulations. Do not return the vial, any packaging components, or supplies to the manufacturer.

The shielded syringe or syringes and needles that are used for administration should be placed in shielded sharps containers for radionuclides of similar half-lives (two weeks) and disposed of according to local, state, and federal regulations.

#### **ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION**

Intra-articular injection. The product must NOT be administered by any other route. Confirmation of needle placement is recommended, whether by anatomical landmarks, fluoroscope, C-arm, ultrasound, or radiography.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR ADMINISTRATION**

Dogs should be appropriately anesthetized or deeply sedated prior to administration to prevent vocalization and resistance to dosing. Select an appropriate needle size based on the target joint. For example, a 22-ga. needle can be used to inject Synovetin  $\mathsf{OA}^\circledast$  directly into the joint. Pain during and after treatment may occur. Administration of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents at the labeled dose may help any post-treatment pain.

## FREQUENCY OF ADMINISTRATION

If needed, Synovetin OA® can be readministered to a previously treated joint 12 months after the last treatment. In Texas, there is no waiting period for retreatment.

#### EFFECTIVENESS AND DURATION OF RESPONSE<sup>2,3</sup>

In clinical trials, 71% of dogs with severe OA, and 92% of dogs with mild-moderate OA were considered treatment successes. Positive response is durable for up to 12 months following a single treatment in dogs with naturally occurring OA of the elbow.

## PRE-CLINICAL EVIDENCE FOR DISEASE MODIFICATION

Sn-117m has been shown to slow OA progression in rodent models. In a surgically-induced model of stifle OA, synovitis scores in treated rats were 73% lower than controls, cartilage loss was 65% lower than controls, and growth in osteophytes was 80% lower than controls. These results provide evidence that Sn-117m has a positive disease modifying therapeutic effect. 4-7

## **MAXIMUM ANNUAL DOSE**

Total mCi dose should not exceed the limit listed on the treating facility's Radioactive Materials (RAM) license.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

Dogs participating in clinical studies to evaluate safety and effectiveness (n=74 dogs, 97 elbow joints) exhibited no significant adverse reactions when administered Synovetin  $OA^{\otimes}$ . Discomfort in the treated joint has been reported in some dogs up to 72 hours after treatment. If adverse events are observed or suspected, please report them by calling Exubrion Therapeutics Customer Service at 866-364-7786.

## **POST-INJECTION CARE**

Following administration of Synovetin OA®, the dog can recover with other animals in the general ward. Once the dog has fully recovered, it can be discharged (See OWNER INSTRUCTIONS FOR POST-TREATMENT CARE).

## **POST-PROCEDURE PROTOCOLS**

Radioactive materials licenses require daily closeout surveys of all areas where unsealed radioactive material was used. Further, license conditions require that release exposure rate measurements be completed prior to releasing animals who have been administered radioactivity. Most license conditions require the measurement taken not exceed 0.45 mR/h at 1 meter from the treated joints.

## **OWNER INSTRUCTIONS FOR POST-TREATMENT CARE**

If the level of radiation is below the established levels for release, the dog can be discharged. The dog will, however, retain a low level of radioactivity in the treated joint(s) for a short period of time. Specific home care instructions will be provided to the dog owner. These instructions include information on limiting proximity to the dog in the post-treatment period. There are no requirements for restraint of the dog itself, nor restrictions on activity.

# MANUFACTURED BY Telix IsoTherapeutics Group, Inc. for Exubrion Therapeutics®

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#### STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

Store in the shipping container at controlled room temperature ( $10^{\circ}-30^{\circ}$ C or  $50^{\circ}-86^{\circ}$ F) until ready to use.

#### CITATIONS

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- 2. Aulakh KS, Lopez MJ, Hudson C, Gaschen L, Fabiani M, Beale B, Andrews FM, Liu CC, Lattimer J. Prospective Clinical Evaluation of Intra-Articular Injection of Tin-117m (117mSn) Radiosynoviorthesis Agent for Management of Naturally Occurring Elbow Osteoarthritis in Dogs: A Pilot Study. Vet Med (Auckl). 2021 Jun 4;12:117-128. doi: 10.2147/VMRR. S295309. PMID: 34113552; PMCID: PMC8187093.
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- 4. Doerr C, et al. J Nucl Med. 2016;57(suppl)2:323.
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- 7. Bendele A, Doerr CA, Gonzales GR, et al. Front. Vet. Sci. 2025;12: 1-13.

